ஆணியுடன் ஆசிரியன் கல்விக்கட்டளை

முன் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளை பார்வைக்கட்டளையின் குழுமக் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளை விளக்கம் மற்றும் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளையின் விளக்கம் மற்றும் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளையின் விளக்கம் மற்றும் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளையின் விளக்கம் மற்றும் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளையின் விளக்கம் மற்றும் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளையின் விளக்கம் மற்றும் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளையின் விளக்கம் மற்றும் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளையின் விளக்கம் மற்றும் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளையின் விளக்கம் மற்றும் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளையின் விளக்கம் 

முண்டல் முன்றம் குறுக்குப் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளை (Prose, Poem, Supplementary paragraphs, short questions, memory poems…) என்றும் வரும் குறுக்குப் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளை (to learn and take practice) என்றும் வரும் குறுக்குப் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளை 

Grammatical functions, Letter writing, Notes making, Summary writing, Dialogue writing, Advertisement என்றும் வரும் குறுக்குப் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளை (to understand and take practice) என்றும் வரும் குறுக்குப் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளை 

விளக்கம் குறுக்குப் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளை (to know the method of answering) என்றும் Choose the correct answer, Match என்றும் வரும் குறுக்குப் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளை என்றும் வரும் குறுக்குப் பார்வைக் கல்விக்கட்டளை 

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முன்னர் வரும் குறுக்குப் பார்வைக் 

10 STD ENGLISH PAPER – I

BELOW 20

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>I For coaching :-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Questions:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 Syllables</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 Sentence Construction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38 Prose Paragraph</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39 Memory Poem</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45 to 49 Rhyming words, Rhyme Scheme, Alliteration, Figure of Speech</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 Poem Paragraph</td>
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</table>

- 22 marks portion

II To practice the method of answering :-

<table>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 to 24 Choose the correct answer</td>
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<td>30 Punctuation</td>
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- 24 marks portion

20+

After getting thorough in the previous level portion,

I For coaching :-

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Questions:</th>
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<tr>
<td>Expansion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American English word</td>
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<tr>
<td>Compound word</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plural form</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prefix or Suffix</td>
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<tr>
<td>Question tag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Articles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Degrees of comparison</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51 Comprehension</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52 Identify &amp; correct the errors</td>
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- 24 marks portion
### 40+

After getting thorough in the previous level portion,

I. For coaching :- Questions:

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Antonyms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Homophones</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Choose the appropriate word</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Choose (If…….)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Complete the sentence (Degrees of comparison)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Combine the two sentences</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>If clause</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31 to 37</td>
<td>Question answers (Prose) – (only easy answers)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53</td>
<td>Look at the picture &amp; answer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- 24 marks portion

Qns:30,52 for repeated practice

### 60 +

I. For coaching :-

Questions:

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Synonyms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Sentence with the same meaning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Sentence pattern</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Sentence with same meaning (No one/Every one)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Complete the sentence(In the event of , In spite of..)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Correct verb form</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Preposition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Voice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31 to 37</td>
<td>Question answers (Prose)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 to 44</td>
<td>Appreciation questions (Poem)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- 22 marks portion

Qns:30,51,52,53 for repeated practice

### 80 +

I. For coaching :-

Questions:

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<table>
<thead>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Phrasal verb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Reframe the sentence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Choose the correct phrase.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Direct/Indirect</td>
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</table>

Qns:1,2,30,51,52,53 for repeated practice
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question No.</th>
<th>Topic</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Synonyms</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Antonyms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Expansion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Correct meaning (Homophones)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>American English – British English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Compound word</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>Plural</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Prefix / Suffix</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Phrasal verb</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Syllables</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>Appropriate word</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Construct a sentence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Reframe the sentence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Meaningful sentence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Choose (if)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Sentence pattern</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Question tag</td>
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<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Complete the sentence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Choose the meaningful sentence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Prepositional phrase</td>
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<td>21</td>
<td>Correct verb form</td>
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<td>Correct phrase</td>
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<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>If clause</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Comparison</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Punctuation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>37 Q and A (Prose)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Prose para</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>Memory poem</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>40-44 Appreciation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>45-49 Poetic device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>Poetry para</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>Comprehension</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>Error Spotting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>Picture Comprehension</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Public Questions

1. permanent - per-ma-nent - 3 syllables
2. properly - pro-per-ly - 3 syllables
4. agriculture - a-gri-cul-ture - 4 syllables (MQP)
5. queue - queue - 1 syllable
6. guitarist - gui-ta-rist - 3 syllables (June 2012, MQP)
7. entertainment - en-ter-tain-ment - 4 syllables
9. random - ran - dom - 2 syllables (Sep 13)
10. about - a-bout - 2 syllables (June 13)
11. glum - glum - 1 syllable (June 13)
Model Questions

1. monument - 3 syllables
2. duties - 2 syllables
3. reverence - 3 syllables
4. documentation - 5 syllables
5. fascinating - 4 syllables
6. completely - 3 syllables
7. refuse - 2 syllables
8. reminder - 3 syllables
9. ordinary - 4 syllables
10. zoology - 4 syllables
11. embodiment - 4 syllables
12. diploma - 3 syllables
13. warped - 1 syllable
14. accompanied - 4 syllables
15. celebration - 4 syllables

From the Text

1. electricity - 5 syllables
2. about - 2 syllables
3. inside - 2 syllables
4. people - 2 syllables
5. prisoners - 3 syllables
6. survival - 3 syllables
7. barely - 2 syllables
8. fanatic - 3 syllables
9. articulate - 4 syllables
10. properly - 3 syllables

(Please refer to the text for more words)

Q-38 Paragraph (Please refer to the text for more words)

Q - No. 12

Hughie was a handsome, young man.
He had no job and money.
He wanted to marry Laura.
Her father asked him to earn 10 thousand pounds.
One day he saw a beggar model.
He took pity on him and gave him a sovereign.
But the beggar was a millionaire.

Part - II

Q. No. 38. Paragraph (Please refer to the text for more words)

1. The Model Millionaire.

- Hughie was a handsome, young man.
- He had no job and money.
- He wanted to marry Laura.
- Her father asked him to earn 10 thousand pounds.
- One day he saw a beggar model.
- He took pity on him and gave him a sovereign.
- But the beggar was a millionaire.
He understood the condition of Hughie.
He gave him 10 thousand pounds as reward.

2. Music – The Hope Raiser
- Art is an essential part of life.
- It gives meaning of life.
- Messiaen wrote a music composition in jail.
- Terrorists destroyed Twin Towers of America
- Nearly 3000 people died on September 11, 2001.
- In the same evening, the Americans sang “We shall overcome” and “America The Beautiful”
- Recovery was done by music.
- It is a great medicine for broken hearts.
- Thus art is a part of human spirit.

3. A Golden Path
- Gokhale considers studenthood days a very happy one.
- But they have some responsibilities.
- Success depends upon character.
- Character gives us energy.
- It should also raise the life of people.
- Students should obey their parents, respect their teachers and help the needy.
- Duties of students are
  - Duty to himself
  - Duty to fellow students
  - Duty to parents and teachers
  - Duty to government and
  - Duty to the world

Section – IV     (Poetry)    Part - I
Q. No. 39   Memory Poems
- Out of the four memory poems, minimum the first two should be memorized.
Part – III
Q.No.45—49 Poetic Devices

1. Rhyming words & Rhyme Scheme
   - e.g If you fill the unforgiving minute
   - With sixty seconds’ worth of distance run
   - Yours is the earth and everything that’s in it’
   - And, what is money; you’ll be a man, my son.
1. The Rhyming scheme of this poem 1 – abcb (Poem 1)
2. Rhyming scheme of this poem 2. Ans : aabb (poem 2)
3. The Rhyming scheme of this poem Ans : abab (poem 3)

2 Alliteration:

It is the repetition of an initial consonant sound.

Example: “The well was dry beside the door”.

In this line we can see that the consonant sound /d/ is found alliterated in the words – ‘dry and door’. This is an example of alliteration.

3. Simile:

Between two fundamentally dissimilar things that have certain qualities in common.

Example: “I weep like a child” - The poet compares himself with a child.

ii. “But once within the wood, we paused

Like gnomes that hid us from the moon. - The boys are compared to gnomes.

iii) Have you noticed how some people

May seem plain as plain can be – Figure of speech – Simile (Poem 1)

iv) I weep like a child for the past – Figure of speech – Simile (poem 2)

v) The reddest flower would look as pale as snow – Figure of speech – simile. (Poem 5)

vi) A mirror of changing moods – Figure of speech – Metaphor (Poem 7)

4. Metaphor:

Metaphor is an implied comparison between two unlike things that actually have something important in common. “The cloud’s my kin”.

Here the bird thinks that the cloud is like his kin (relation). It is an implied comparison between cloud and relations. It is metaphor.

ii) “Steady throb”.

It is a metaphor. Here the chiseling sound is described as heart beat.

iii) A mirror of changing moods – Figure of speech – Metaphor (poem 7)
5. Personification:

An inanimate object is endowed with human qualities or abilities.

An inanimate object is endowed with human qualities or abilities.

e.g. i) “The world is gloom and splendor passes by”.

The world is here animated as a human being passing by. The world is personified.

ii) “And treat those two imposters just the same”.

It is personification. Triumph and disaster are personified as two imposters.

iii) Where an aching generosity

Is waiting its time to share – Figure of speech – personification (Poem 1)

iv) O ye wheels

Stop! be silent for today – Figure of speech – Personification (Poem 5)

6 Onomatopoeia

1. The tinkling piano our guide – Figure of speech – Onomatopoeia (Poem 2)

7 Oxymoron

1. If you can meet with triumph and disaster – Figure of speech – Oxymoron (Poem 3)

2. Harmonic cacophony – Figure of speech – Oxymoron (Poem 7)

Part – IV

Q. No. 50. Poetry Paragraph (முருகையில் பட்டியல் செய்து மீள்வது மேற்கு வீரர்கள் தூய்மையுடன்)

1. Beautiful Inside

- Appearances can be deceptive
- A geode may look dull and grey.
- But it contains crystals in it.
- Some people may look like geode.
- But they have wonderful good qualities.
- They are kind, gentle and generous.
- They have inner beauty.
- ‘Beautiful inside’ means beautiful heart.

2. Piano

- The poet hears a woman’s song.
- It reminds him of his mother’s song.
- He recalled his childhood days.
As a child he was sitting under the piano. He was striking at the toes of his mother. The mother smiles as she sings to the piano music. He heard the boom of strings. On Sunday evenings, his mother and neighbours sang hymns. He was joyful in childhood days. He weeps for the past.

LEVEL-II (Slow learners - 20+)

For Coaching Q No:3,5,6,7,8,17,24,30, 51,52

Q. No.3. Abbreviations/Acronymys
(Text: 28, 29)

Public Questions
1. RRB - Railway Recruitment Board (Mar. 12, Text)
2. RAM - Random Access Memory (June 12, Text)
3. ISRO - Indian Space Research Organisation (Oct. 12)

Model Questions
1. CCTV - Closed Circuit Television
2. SR - Southern Railways (Text)
3. ILO - International Labour Organisation (Ln.5)
4. KPO - Knowledge Process Outsourcing (Text)
5. ATM - Automated Teller Machine (Text)
6. IAS - Indian Administrative Service (Text)

Important Abbreviations from the text:
1. BPO - Business Process Outsourcing (Mar-13)
2. SBI - State Bank of India
3. UAE - United Arab Emirates
4. NGO - Non-Governmental Organization
5. SSC - Staff Selection Commission
6. UFO - Unidentified Flying Object
7. RTE - Right To Education
8. MLA - Manual Labour Act / Member of Legislative Assembly
9. ILO - International Labour Organisation
10. USA - United States of America
11. MNC - Multi-National Company

Important Acronyms from the text:

1. TANSI - Tamil Nadu Small Scale Industry – (June 13)
2. TAFE - Tractor and Farming Equipment
3. RAM - Random Access Memory
4. ROM - Read Only Memory
5. VISCOM - Visual Communication
6. AIR - All India Radio
7. CAT - Common Aptitude Test – (Oct 13)
8. NEWS - North East West South
9. SIM - Subscriber Identification Module
10. UNESCO - United Nations Education Scientific and Cultural Organisation
11. AIDS - Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
12. RADAR - Radio Detection and Ranging
13. SAT - Scholastic Aptitude Test

Other Important ones:

1. SMS - Short Message Service
2. BBC - British Broadcasting Corporation
3. UNO - United Nations Organization
4. CPU - Central Processing Unit
5. SSLC - Secondary School Leaving Certificate

Q.NO.5. British English and American English (Text Pages: 26 -27)

Public Questions
2. Throw the waste into the dustbin. garbage can / trash can (June 2012, MQP)
3. Could you please drop this letter in the post-box? mail box (Oct. 2012, Text)
4. This fellow is fifteen years old guy (April, 13) (oct, 12)
5. Children like biscuits

6. Could you please pass me the *jug* of milk

**Model Question Papers**

1. If you take the *lift* to the tenth floor, you will find the office you are looking for on your right.

2. Don’t leave the *cupboard* unlocked.

3. Many people seem to prefer throwing the waste around the *dustbin* rather than into it.

4. The *window shade* was drawn to prevent the cold wind from drifting into the room.

5. If we like the *flat*, we will buy it.

6. The *tap* is broken and it needs to be repaired.

---

(Q. No. 6. Compound words)

**Public Questions**

1. Which of the words given below can be placed after the word *moon* to form a compound word?
   a) bed  b) light  c) hood  d) port  
   (Mar. 2012)

2. Which of the words given below can be placed after the word *child* to form a compound word?
   a) Ship  b) hood  c) law  d) game  
   (June-2012)

3. Which of the words given below can be placed after the word *car* to form a compound word?
   a) street  b) *park*  c) house  d) top  
   (Oct-2012)

4. Which of the words given below can be placed after the word *head* to form a compound word?
5. Which of the words given below can be placed after the word *air* to form a compound word?
   a) see  b.) port  c) Pool  d) Loom  (June-13)

6. Which of the words given below can be placed after the word *sea* to form a compound word?
   a) toll  b.) roar  c) thunder  d) food  (Oct-13)

**Model Questions**

1. Which of the words given below can be placed after the word *cricket* to form a compound word?
   a). field  b).court  c). ground  d). area

2. Which of the words given below can be placed before the word *light* to form a compound word?

3. Which of the words given below can be placed before the word *screen* to form a compound word?

4. Which of the words given below can be placed before the word *brow* to form a compound word?

5. Which of the words given below can be placed before the word *gazing* to form a compound word?

**தமிழ் விளக்க ஏற்றியல் வருவாக்குகள்:****

- air  -  port  -  hand  -  written
- over  -  load  -  safe  -  guard
- river  -  bed  -  type  -  write
- land  -  mark  -  sea  -  food
- star  -  light  -  school  -  boy
- soft  -  ware  -  gentle  -  man
- walking  -  stick  -  sewing  -  machine
- in  -  sight  -  out  -  post
- fast  -  food  -  night  -  fall
- water  -  fall  -  light  -  green
- in  -  coming  -  day  -  break
- well  -  defined  -  out  -  sourcing
Q. No. 7. Singular and Plural

Public Questions

1. What is the plural form of the focus?  
   Ans: foci (Mar. 2012)

2. What is the plural form of the word medium?  
   Ans: media (June 2012)

3. What is the plural form of the word fungus?  
   Ans: fungi (Oct. 2012)

4. What is the plural form of the word Criterion?  
   Ans: criteria (Mar 13)

5. What is the plural form of the word Crisis?  
   Ans: Crises (Jun 13) (Oct 13)

Model Question Papers

1. What is the plural form of ‘locus’?  
   Ans: loci

2. What is the plural form of ‘son-in-law’?  
   Ans: sons-in-law

3. What is the plural form of the word ‘species’?  
   Ans: species

4. What is the plural form of the word ‘piece of furniture’?  
   Ans: pieces of furniture

5. What is the plural form of the word ‘buffalo’?  
   Ans: buffaloes

6. What is the plural form of the word ‘goose’?  
   Ans: geese

Plural forms:

1. Sheep, cattle, deer, aircraft,  
   Singular, Plural

2. Spectacles, news, means, premises, species, corps  
   Singular, Plural

3. man – men, woman – women, child – children
(Please refer to the text for more words)

Q. No. 8. Prefixes and Suffixes
(Text Pages 31, 150, 151)

Public Questions
1. The artistes are the ones who might be able to help us with our internal invisible lives. (Mar.2012)
2. Even a small help is an act of kindness.
3. The act was proved illegal by the court.
4. The head master made an announcement – Mar 13
5. A snake is very dangerous ous reptile – June 13
6. Children should not disobey their elders

Model Questions
1. She was mistaken for his mother as the child looked just like her.
2. He exhibited his heroism by fighting bravely.
3. The shopkeeper dismissed his assistant because he was impolite to his customers.
4. He had close associate with many learned persons. Answer: association
5. Children should not disobey their elders.
6. Geetha misplaced the book that she borrowed from me.
Q. NO. 17. Question Tag
(Text Page: 10, 11, 176)

1. வாகியதி am, is, are, was, were, have, has, had

2. வாகியதி not இதா, n't இலாத

3. am aren't I?
   will won't...?
   shall shan't...?
   can can't...?
   should shouldn't...?
   could couldn't...?
   would wouldn't...?
   must mustn't...?

4. will not / won't am will...?
   shall not / shan't am shall...?
   cannot /can't am can...?
   should not / shouldn't am should...?
   could not / couldn't am could...?
   would not / wouldn't am would...?
   must not / mustn't am must...?

5. Main verb உட ed உட -s உட உட -ed உட உட -n't? உட -n't?

6. Main verb உட -s உட -n't? உட -n't?

7. Main verb உட -ed உட -ed உட -ed உட -n't? உட -n't?

8. வாகியமான Don't + Verbs உட -n't? உட -n't?

9. வாகியமான Let... உட -n't? உட -n't?
10. மாகியதி not -க் பிதிகேதல் no, never, seldom, rarely, none, ... வாகியதி மாகியதி தொகுதிகள். not துவாயான Tag வாகியதி வழக்கம்.

Public Questions
1. You should treat each other with respect, ______? Ans: shouldn’t you? (Mar.2012)
2. Plants give out oxygen during the day, ______? Ans: don’t they? (June 2012)
3. The flag has four colours on it, ______? Ans: hasn’t it? (Oct.2012)

Model Questions
1. Students should be allowed to use the library every day, shouldn’t they?
2. Let us start working, shall we?
3. We need not come tomorrow, need we?
4. It has been raining heavily, hasn’t it?
5. He never fails in his duty, does he?
6. Let’s go for a movie, shall we?

(Please refer to the text for more examples and exercises)

Q.No. 23. Articles

(Text Page: 170)

👀 காலம் ச்-க்கிட்டும் பிலுக vowel (a,e,i,o,u) காலம் கற்றது. ஆன் noun குற்றினி சிறுமில் an-ன் குற்றினி கற்றது.

👀 காலம் ச்-க்கிட்டும் பிலுக hour, honest, MLA, MP, M.A ..... காலம் துவாயான உட்கற்ற காலம் an-ன் குற்றினி கற்றது.

👀 காலம் ச்-க்கிட்டும் பில் consonant sound (பம் சுள்) நேர்வான் a-ன் குற்றினி கற்றது.

👀 காலம் ச்-க்கிட்டும் பிலுக university, European, one...... காலம் துவாயான கற்று காலம் a-ன் குற்றினி கற்றது.

👀 காலம் ச்-க்கிட்டும் பிலுக ______est காலம் துவாயான (а) most காலம் நேர்வான the-ன் குற்றினி.

👀 காலம் ச்-க்கிட்டும் பில் Public Place, English, Public Place, ______ morning, ______ evening ...... காலம் துவாயான கற்று the-ன் குற்றினி கற்றது.
Public Questions

1. Every child jumps with joy at the sight of ____ elephant.  
   Ans: an  (Mar. 2012)
2. I went to ____ airport to catch a flight to Mumbai.  
   Ans: the  (June 2012)
3. She has returned home for ____ moment’s rest.  
   Ans: a  (Oct. 2012)

Model Questions

1. I have brought you a collection of ________ award winning books this year.  
   Ans: the
2. This is _________ book that I had been looking for in all the book shops.  
   Ans: the
3. He holds _________ M.A. Degree in History.  
   Ans: an
4. This is not _________ easiest way to do it.  
   Ans: the
5. The Ganga is _________ important holy river for the Hindus.  
   Ans: an
6. The mobile phone is _________ utility item.  
   Ans: a

Q. No. 30. Punctuation

- Mark appropriate words in capital letter-
- Where, when, what, when, what \[........\] be correct, subject- \[appropriate\] capital letter-
- Said \[appropriate\], when be comma (,) \[appropriate\] be correct \[appropriate\] capital letter-
- Said \[appropriate\], where be \[appropriate\] comma (,) \[appropriate\] be correct \[appropriate\] capital letter-
- I've \[appropriate\] I've \[appropriate\] be correct.
Public Questions

1. Nagaraj said to his father will you allow me to go on an excursion to kerala (Mar.2012)
   Ans: Nagaraj said to his father, “Will you allow me to go on an excursion to Kerala?”

2. Father said to his son dont be worried
   Ans: Father said to his son, “Don’t be worried.”

3. I’ll never see her again she thought (Oct.2012)
   Ans: “I’ll never see her again,” she thought.

Model Questions

1. The teacher said be sure to turn off the lights when you leave the room
   Ans: The teacher said, “Be sure to turn off the lights when you leave the room.”

2. Kumar said when will the shop open
   Ans: Kumar said, “When will the shop open?”

3. What are you doing there cried a rough voice
   Ans: “What are you doing there?”, cried a rough voice.

4. Veena said i am not well
   Ans: Veena said, “I am not well.”

5. The teacher said to the boys you should come to school in time
   Ans: The teacher said to the boys, “You should come to school in time.”

6. The teacher said to the stranger i can show you the way to the railway station
   Ans: The teacher said to the stranger, “I can show you the way to the railway station.”

Q. NO. 51. Comprehension and Q. NO. 52. Error spotting

(Text Page: 171)

1. I walked fast and I missed the bus
2. He told me a story
3. I have been living in this house since five years.
4. The deer runs fastly
5. He arranged the furniture properly
6. Time and tide waits for no man.
7. The dog fell along the river.
8. A American lives near my house.
9. He left the place an hour ago.
10. Each of the cycles are damaged.
11. Each of these cycles is defective.
12. A kind teacher always makes us to learn better
13. I have great confidence on you.
14. Neither the secretary nor manager were available
15. My uncle is richest man in the village
16. Kala is tallest girl in the class
17. Ram is a honest man
18. Though he is rich but he is unhappy
19. The elephant is largest living animal on land
20. Neither senthil nor sree are available
21. I prefer milk than tea
22. Stephan drive as rashly as raki
23. Do you know which is the world's largest building
24. He is good athlete who performs well
25. I am absent yesterday
26. I cannot drive as fast as Ragul

ERROR SPOTTING (Answers)

1. I walked fast but I missed the bus
2. He told me a story
3. I have been living in this house for five years.
4. The deer runs fast.
5. He has arranged the furniture properly
6. Time and tide wait for no man
7. The dog fell into the river.
8. An American lives near my house.
9. He left the place an hour ago.
10. Each of the cycles is damaged.
11. Each of these cycles is defective.
12. A kind teacher always makes us learn better
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16. Kala is the tallest girl in the class
17. Ram is an honest man.
18. Though he is rich, he is unhappy
19. The elephant is the largest living animal on land
20. Neither senthil nor sree is available.
21. I prefer milk to tea
22. Stephan drives as rashly as Raki
23. Do you know which is the world’s the largest building
24. He is a good athlete who performs well
25. I was absent yesterday
26. I can drive not as fast as Ragul

LEVEL – III (For 40 + )

For Coaching  Q.NO :2 Antonyms  Q.NO : 4 Homophones , Q.NO :11 Choose the App. Word , Q.NO 15 Choose the best (if) , Q.No 18: Completion , Q.No : 25 Single Sentence , Q.NO:28 if clause  Q.NO:31-37 easy Questions& answers, Q.NO: 52 Error Spotting( refer level II )

Q. No 2. Antonyms

From the SSLC Question Papers:

**March 2012**

- piteous x joyous
- ancient x modern
- tragedy x comedy

**June 2012**

- certain x indefinite / uncertain
- differences x similarities
- reverence x irreverence / disrespect

**October 2012**

- darkness x brightness
- panic x calm / calmness
- overhead x underneath
1. rare x common  
2. essential x unimportant  
3. remember x forget  
4. Fascinating x boring  
5. glory x shame

**June – 2013**
1. ancient x modern  
2. fortunate x unfortunate  
3. narrow x broad / wide  
4. harsh x gentle  
5. miserable x joyful

**Oct – 2013**
1. immense x small  
2. capture x release  
3. fastest x slowest  
4. brave x timid  
5. indispensable x inessential / unimportant

**Model Questions**
several x few brutality x kindness  
irreverent x respectful privileged x deprived  
soaring x descending / falling excited x calm  
triumphantly x unsuccessfully exceptional x usual  
grandiose x unimpressive diligence x laziness  
seldom x often internal x external  
hostility x friendship worse x better  
penalized x rewarded divine x mortal  
immense x small fastest x slowest  
brave x timid indispensable x inessential  
fortunate x unfortunate narrow x broad  
harsh x gentle miserable x joyful

(Please refer the textual exercises on pages 6, 54, 73 and 151)

**Q.NO.4. Homophones**
(Text : 6)

1. a). We can’t *hear* you voice. *
   b). We can’t *here* you voice. (Mar. 12, Text)

2. Do you *know* the answer? *No, I don’t know.* (no, Know) (June 12, Text)

3. *None* of them returned to the shore. *
   N*n* of them returned to the shore. (Oct. 2012)

4. Rama wants to buy a flat by selling his house (by / buy) (Mar 13)
5. a) Children crept in through a hole in the wall * (June 13)
b) Children crept in through a whole in the wall
6. a) Ours is a big clock * (Oct 13)
b) Hours is a big clock

Model Questions
1. We set sail for Japan next week.*
   - We set sale for Japan next week.
2. She looked pale after her illness.*
   - She looked pail after her illness.
3. The tyre of my cycle has been punctured.*
   - The tier of my bicycle has been punctured.
4. There was a gaping hole in the middle of the road.*
   - There was gaping whole in the middle of the road.
5. We have to check your name before you go.*
   - We have to cheque your name before you leave.
   - My sister adopted a baby.*

சில மக்களிடம் மண்டுமிகுரதையும் அடைய்கிறது பலரும்
1. Hair (மெய்) Hare (மேம்)
2. Know (விட்டிக்கும்) No (சிலேறு)
3. Hear (சீக்கு) Here (சீக்குத்திக்கு)
4. Our (சம்யத்தியல்) Hour (சேர்க்குத்திக்கு)
5. Buy (மேம்) By (சுத்திக்கு)
6. Sail (கடலின் மண்டுமிகுரதை) Sale (சேப்பை)
7. Meet (சேப்பைப்) Meat (சேப்பைக்கு மன்னனு)
8. Some (சிலேறு) Sum (சிலேறு எங்கு)
9. Price (பாருமு) Prize (பாருமு)
10. See (சேப்) Sea (சேப்)
11. Prey (சேப்) Pray (சேப்)
12. Desert (சேப்) Dessert (சேப்/பாயாசம்)
13. Principal (சேப்) Principle (சேப்)
14. Quiet (சேப்) Quite (சேப்)
15. Week (சேப்) Weak (சேப்)
16. Lost (சேப்) Last (சேப்)
Q. No. 11. Choose the appropriate word
(Text Page: 74)

Public Questions
1. Raja will ______ a letter next week. (get / receive) AnS: receive
2. He will ______ a letter next week. (get / receive) AnS: receive
3. She _______ the situation with a positive frame of mind. (saw / faced) AnS: faced

Model Questions
1. He likes to _______ his favourite Television channel. (see / watch) AnS: watch
2. The rhythm of the songs was fast and ___________. (melodious / interesting) AnS: melodious
3. I gave my application ___________. (in black and white / in black) AnS: in black and white
4. Don’t __________ the flowers. (break / pluck) AnS: pluck

From the text book:
1. Chirapunji people __________ rain water. (save / waste) AnS: waste
2. As the car passed, it __________ the rain water. (shook / spattered) AnS: spattered
3. The people __________ clean drinking water for the party. (prepare/provide) AnS: prepare
4. People __________ the monsoon. (welcome / envy) AnS: welcome

Part – I

Q. No. 15. Conditional Clause (“If” Clause) (Text Page: 77, 78, 172)

1. **Verb** (ஒலி) - **Present tense** - அல (am, is are) - அது செய்துவரும்
   will / can + Present verb உளவையையாக  புரத்துகக்.
2. **Verb** (ஒலி) - **Past verb** - அது (were - அது) செய்துவரும்
   could / would / might + Present verb உளவையையாக  புரத்துகக்.
3. **Verb** (ஒலி) - **Past verb** - had + **V3** அது செய்துவரும் would have / could have + V3 உளவையையாக  புரத்துகக்.
Public Questions

1. If Naveen is late, _____________________.
   a). he would be punished.
   b). he will be punished.
   c). he would have been punished.

2. If I had worked harder, _____________________.
   a). I would succeed.
   b). I would have succeeded.
   c). I will succeed.

3. If I had come earlier, _____________________.
   a). I would catch the train.
   b). I can catch the train.
   c). I would have caught the train.

Model Questions

1. If the driver had been alert, _____________________.
   a). the accident can be avoided.
   b). the accident could be avoided.
   c). the accident could have been avoided.

2. If I met him, ________________.
a). I would have spoken to him  
b). I would speak to him  
c). I will speak to him  

3. If I had studied diligently, ____________ the examination.  
a). I would pass  
b). I will pass  
c). I would have passed  

4. If he were patient, ____________  
a). he would have won the argument  
b). he will win the argument  
c). he would win the argument  

5. If you called on me, ____________  
a). I would have come  
b). I would come  
c). I will come  

6. If you study well, ____________  
a). you should surely get good marks.  
b). you will surely get good marks.  
c). you would have got good marks.  

Q. No. 18. Degrees of Comparison  
(Choose the best answer)  

(Text: Pages: 79 – 85)
Public Questions

1. No other boy is _________ Babu.  
   Ans: so smart as (Mar. 2012)

2. The cream cake is _________ the plum cake.  
   Ans: as expensive as (June 2012)

3. No other boy in the class is_________ Krishna.  
   Ans: as naughty as (Oct. 2012)

Model Questions

1. No other girl in the class is _________ Kamala.  
   Ans: as clever as

2. Very few boys in the class are _________ Shyam.  
   Ans: as intelligent as

3. The Nile is _________ rivers in the world.  
   Ans: one of the longest

4. Ravi is more capable _________ boys.  
   Ans: than most other

5. No other metal is _________ platinum.  
   Ans: so heavy as

6. Ramani is _________ girls in this group.  
   Ans: one of the tallest

(Please refer to the text for more examples and exercises)
3. The tired old woman was unable to go any further. She returned home. Ans: The tired old woman was unable to go any further and so she returned home.

Q. No. 28. Conditional Clause (“If” Clause)
(Text Page: 77, 78, 172)

1. Verb (ஆனால்) - இன்றைய பின்னணித் (ஆனால் am, is are) - இன்றைய
will / can + Present verb நல்ல முறையில் வாத்துநிலா 
2. Verb (ஆனால்) - இன்றைய Past verb - இன்றைய were - இன்றைய
could / would / might + Present verb நல்ல முறையில் வாத்துநிலா 
3. Verb (ஆனால்) - இன்றைய had + V3 இன்றைய would have / could have + V3 நல்ல முறையில் வாத்துநிலா 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Subordinate Clause</th>
<th>Main Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type: I. Open condition</strong></td>
<td>If + S + Present tense + .......... (e.g) go / goes / do not go / does not go (ஆனால் am, is, are)</td>
<td>S + will / shall + present form can / may (e.g) go</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type: II Imaginary condition</strong></td>
<td>If + S + Past tense .......... (e.g) were / இன்றைய had / இன்றைய went (Past form of the main verb)</td>
<td>S + would / could / might + present form of the verb (e.g) go</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type III Impossible condition</strong></td>
<td>If + S + Past perfect tense... (e.g) had + V3 / இன்றைய had + been / இன்றைய had + had (not) (had + past participle form of the verb)</td>
<td>S + would / could + have + V3 (not) (e.g) would have gone</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example:**
1. It rains. I shall get wet (if)
   Ans: If it rains, I shall get wet

2. You waste Water. You suffer. (if )
   Ans: if you waste Water, You will suffer.

3. You study hard. You pass (if)
   Ans: if You study hard, you will pass

4. I had enough money. I will buy a car (if)
Ans: if I had enough money, I would buy a car

5. You did not study well. You did not pass (if)
   Ans: if you had studied well, you would have passed

Q. No. 29. Degrees of Comparison

- முதலில் வரலாற்றுள்ள பராமரிப்புக் குற்றாக அதிக அளவு / வரலாற்றுள்ள குற்றாக அளவு பெற பெற்றும். குற்றாக அளவு பெரியாக உள்ளது.  
- Adjective க குற்றாக உள்ளது.
- குற்றாக நூற்றாண்டுகளுக்கு வரலாற்றுள்ள அளவு அளவு என்னும்.

Public Questions

1. Radhika is 5 feet tall.
   Raj is 5.2 feet tall.
   Sharma is 6.5 feet tall.
   Ashwin is 5.5 feet tall.
   Thendral is 6 feet tall.  
   (Mar. 2012)
   Ans: Sharma is taller than Radhika.

2. Hari is 14 years old.
   Prabhu is 14 years old.
   Anwar is 10 years old.
   Suresh is 16 years old.
   John is 12 years old.
   Ans: Hari is elder than Anwar.

3. a). Teresa’s weight is 60 kilograms.
   b). Jessy’s weight is 48 kilograms.
   c). Charles’ weight is 62 kilograms.
   d). Joy’s weight is 39 kilograms.
   e). Joe’s weight is 52 kilograms.
   Ans: Charles’ weight is more than Joy’s. (அதேபோல) Charles is weightier than Joy.
Model Questions

1. Smitha is 5 feet tall.
   Kumar is 4.5 feet tall.
   Prem is 5.5 feet tall.
   Nina is 3.5 feet tall.
   Mohan is 6 feet tall.
   Ans: **Mohan is taller than Smitha**

2. Mani's shirt costs Rs. 75
   Gokul's shirt costs Rs. 65
   Venu's shirt costs Rs. 90
   Vivek's shirt costs Rs. 150
   Ans: **Vivek's shirt is costlier than Gokul's shirt**

3. Seema’s ribbon is 15 cm long.
   Neela’s ribbon is 18 cm long.
   Kamala’s ribbon is 12 cm long.
   Vimala’s is 20 cm 20 cm long.
   Ans: **Vimala’s ribbon is longer than Kamala’s ribbon.**

4. Bindu woke up at 5.am
   Suji woke up at 6.am
   Kamesh woke up at 7.30 am
   Ritu woke up at 6.am
   Manu woke up at 9. am
   Ans: **Bindu woke up earlier than Suji.**
   Ans: **Raghu bought more apples than Gullu**

5. Raghu bought 11 apples.
   Mamta bought 9 apples.
   Deepa bought 7 apples.
   Gullu bought 5 apples.
   Ans: **Raghu bought more apples than Gullu**

   Mithu scored 100 runs
   Sekhar scored 75 runs.
   Sumeeth scored 50 runs
   Ans: **Mithu scored more runs than Deepak.**

Section – III   (Prose)       Part - I   Question no. 31- 37(short answer type questions)
1. The Model Millionaire

1. What was Hughie’s financial status? (June 2013 , Sep 2013 )
   Hughes’s financial status was poor.

2. What was the condition laid down by the colonel to allow Hughie’s engagement to Laura? (April 2013 )
   Hughie should earn ten thousand pounds.

3. Why Hughie was upset?    (Mar.2012)
   Hughie was upset because he couldn’t fulfill the condition of Laura’s father.

4. What was the beggar’s true identity?   (June 2012)
   The beggar was Baron Hausberg. He is one of the richest men in Europe.

5. Why is the model’s face his fortune?    (Oct.2012)
   The model’s face is his fortune because the painters can draw a good picture from an expressive face of the model.
2. Music – The Hope Raiser

1. What is the significance of art?

Art is an essential part of life. It gives meaning to our life.

2. What are the two incidents that stress the importance of music as an essential art? (April 2013)

   i). Messiaen wrote music composition in jail.
   ii). The Americans sang songs in September 11, 2001

3. What can artistes do to save the planet? (Mar. 2012)

   Artistes can bring wellness to the planet.

4. How music is different from astronomy? (June 2012, 2013)

   Astronomy was the study of external objects, but the music was the study of internal objects.

5. Why isn’t music an extravaganza or a hobby? (Oct. 2012)

   It helps us to express our feelings for better understanding. It is the basic need for our survival.

3. A Golden Path

1. What requires whole-hearted devotion?

   Knowledge requires whole-hearted devotion.

2. Which period of life does Gokhale consider a very happy one? (June 2012)

   He considers student life a very happy one.

3. What is the two fold duty to be acquired by students? (Mar. 2012, April 2013)

   Acquiring knowledge and character.

4. Is character influenced by surroundings?

   Yes, character is influenced by surroundings.

5. What kind of character should you acquire while you are a student? (Oct. 2012)

   A student should acquire a character. It will raise the whole life of the people.

6. What are the two valuable qualities to be practiced by students? (Sep 2013)

   Students should obey their parents and respect their teachers.

4. Will Thirst Become Unquenchable?

1. What is a metropolis?

   Metropolis is a large city.

2. What will be the future if the Himalayan glaciers become ice-free? (Mar. 2012, June 2012)

   Our future will be worse.

3. What can lead the world to violence?

   Sharing of water can lead the world to violence.

4. What made Chaya triumphantly smile? (June 2013)

   Chaya got her water. So she triumphantly smiled.
5. Do you know the Himalayan glaciers are useful? (Oct.2012)

The Himalayan glaciers feed the rivers like Ganges and Yamuna.

5. Making Visible The Invisible

1. Why is the world of domestic workers “invisible”? (June 2012)

The domestic workers are denied their due rights. So they are ‘invisible’

2. Which states in India that have shown concern for the domestic workers? (June 2013)

Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu and Kerala.

3. What are the causes for the increase in domestic workers? (Oct.2012, Sep 2013)

The causes are due to the increase of nuclear families.

4. The definition of domestic workers as cited by ILO?

A domestic worker is someone who carries out household work in a private household in return for wages”.

5. How should employers with a change in attitude treat their domestic workers?

They should treat them “not as servants” but as “domestic workers”.

They should be paid fair wages.

They should be valued as human beings.

6. Flying with the Moon on their Wings

1. Identify the reason for bird’s migration. (April 2013)

Birds migrate to get food and avoid cold.

2. Which are the smallest birds of all?

The smallest bird is willow warbler.

3. What do birds do every year during autumn and early winter?

During winter birds migrate to warmer lands.

4. Who are the brave little voyagers?

The migrant bird is the brave little voyagers.

5. Have you noticed the ‘V’ shaped formation of the birds as they speed across the sky?

Yes, I have noticed the beautiful ‘V’ shaped formation.

6. Describe how ringing of migrant birds is done? (June 2012)

Ringing is done by capturing a bird and placing a metal band on its leg.

7. In what way is migration one of the greatest mysteries of bird life? (April 2012)

The to and fro of birds’ journey is mysterious.

7. Our Heritage – A Timeless Marvel


Birhadeesvarar temple is thousand years old. King Raja Raja Chola built it.

2. List out the specialities of Tanjore. (June 2012, June 2013)
i) Tanjore was the capital of the Chola kings.
ii) It is the granary of Tamil Nadu.

3. What were the Pallava and the Chola eras famous for? (Oct.2012)

They were famous for monolithic and metal statues.

4. What is the speciality of the vimanam?

It is built with bonding of stones and notching without mortar.

5. What were the contributions of the Cholas towards art and culture?

The Brahadeesvarar temple and fortress were the contribution of Cholas towards art and culture.

LEVEL – IV (For 60+)

Q.NO:1 Synonyms , Q.NO:14 Sentence with same meaning ,  
Q.NO:16 Sentence Pattern , Q.NO:19 Sentence with same meaning  
Q.NO:20 Complete the Sentence with Preposition , Q.NO:21  
Choose the correct phrase , Q No 23 Preposition  Q.NO:26 Voice ,  
Q.NO:31-37 Almost to learn (refer level III) Q.No:40-44  
Appreciation

SECTION – A (Vocabulary)

Q. No 1. Synonyms

From the SSLC Question Papers:

March 2012

popular - famous captured - arrested / caught
invidious - unjust brutality - cruelty
seldom - rarely

June 2012

sufficient - adequate/ enough eradicate - wipe out
diminishing - decreasing soars past - increases to
disappears - vanishes

October 2012

constantly - continuously campaigned - canvassed
diligence - steady effort / carefulness
persistence - continuous effort initiating - starting
Mar – 2013
1. mastered – learnt  2. accomplishments – achievements
3. pursuit – chase  4. earnestness – seriousness
5. triumphantly – victorious

June – 2013
1. amazing – wonderful / surprising  2. glory – beauty
3. diligence – steady effort / carefulness  4. rare – uncommon
5. jostled – competed

Oct – 2013
1. accomplishment – achievement  2. articulate – speak loudly
3. exacting – demanding / challenging  4. torrent – outpour
5. exceptional – unusual

Model Questions
soaring - rising  renovated - repaired
figure out - understand / make out
exacting - challenging  accomplishment - achievement
alms - offering  piteous - sorrowful, sad
profound - strong / deep  tendered - offered
well-defined - clearly marked  denied - refused
erupted - burst  staunch - steadfast / loyal
quenching - extinguishing  forlorn - forsaken
mastered - learnt  pursuit - chase
earnestness - seriousness  triumphantly - victoriously
amazing - wonderful / surprising  glory - beauty
jostled - pushed / competed  rare - uncommon
exceptional - unusual  fascinating - interesting
rumour - false story  overwhelming - great
Q. NOs.13, 14 can be omitted for the slow learners.

**Q. No. 16. Sentence Pattern** *(Text Page. 133, 134, 135, 172)*

Subject:
- வாகியதின் வகைக்கொள்ள வாகியதில் விளக்கம்.
- என? என? (பக்குக்கு என்று) விளக்கத்துக்கு பிள்ளைக் குறுக்கு.

Verb:
- Verb is an action word. இது subject வருமான் வாகியதில் விளக்கம்
  - Subject-அ வழியுடன்
  - Subject வகை அடுத்து வேகமாக விளக்கத்துக்கு என விளக்கம்
  - Object-அ வேகமாக விளக்கம்

Object:
- Verb-அ வழியுடன்
- Subject வருமான் வேகமாக புகழ்வருக்கான விளக்கம்

Indirect Object:
- Verb-அ வழியான
- Direct object-அ வழியான
- இலை அடுத்து வழியான (me, us, you, them, him, her அடுத்து வழியான புகழ்வருக்கான விளக்கம்)

Direct Object:
- Indirect object-அ வழியான
- இலை வருமான் வழியான
- துளித்தல் வருமான வழியான அடுத்து வழியான

Complement:
- வாகியதின் வகைக்கொள்ள வாகியதில் விளக்கம்
Infinitive:

To + verb

Infinitive: agreed, decided, manage, seem, offer, wish, demand, prepare, want, promise, asked, hope, love, expect

Public Questions
1. Geetha agreed ______ me a computer.
   Ans: to buy (Mar. 2012)
2. My first duty is ______ my most sincere thanks.
   Ans: to tender (Oct. 2012)
3. My son asked me ______ him a pen
   Ans: to bye (Mar. 2013)
4. Everybody wishes ______ life
Ans: to enjoy (June 13)

Model Question Papers

1. He agreed __________ me a computer. 
   Ans: to buy
2. He prevented me from __________ the contract. 
   Ans: signing

(Please refer to the text for more examples and exercises)

Gerund:

V1 + ing Gerund அடுத்த.

Gerund:

- இடையாலாக (NOUN) மாற்றுக்கோள்பொறிய.
- மாற்றுக்கோளால் உண்மை ______ திட்டரவு •ing மூலக்கூட்ட மாற்றுக்கோளாது ஆகியவை.
- குறும் மாற்றுக்கோளால் like, dislike, hates, about, on, fond of, from..., avoid, stop, consider, enjoy, delay, finish, postpone, give up, appreciate, stop avoid aaaaHHHfjdgghghgfhngfjuytuiyt • மாற்றும் மாற்றுக்கோளின் தொடரும் வழியாக வாகியதி ______ ing வாகியதி மாற்றுக்கோள் மூலக்கூட்டு குறும் மாற்றுக்கோள்.

Public Questions

1. ______ is a good exercise.
   Ans: walking (June 2012)

Model Questions

1. He avoided ______ much time on the computer. Ans: spending
2. I dream about ______ a big house. 
   Ans: building
3. I enjoy ______ stories for children. 
   Ans: writing
4. He prevented me from ______ the contract. 
   Ans: signing

Q. No. 23. Prepositions (Text: Page: 112, 170)

1. In
   "in" கூறும் மாற்றுக்கோளின் மாற்றுக்கோள் மூலக்கூட்டுக்கோளாது.
   e.g He is in the room. 
   e.g in January, in 1947
   காலை, மாலை மாலை மாற்றுக்கோளின் மாற்றுக்கோள் மூலக்கூட்டு 
   e.g My brother is in America.
   My brother is in Chennai.

2. At:
   "at" கூறும் மாற்றுக்கோளின் மாற்றுக்கோள் மூலக்கூட்டு 
   e.g He goes to school at 8.30 a.m
e.g. He came here at night.

3. On

e.g. I was born on 25th March, 1997.

4. For (காக)

e.g. I was waiting for you.

5. With

e.g. I went to Chennai with my daddy.

6. Before

e.g. I had met him before he went out.

7. After

e.g. We went after him.

8. Between

e.g. I am sitting between Ram and Rahim

9. Beside

e.g. He is sitting beside me.

10. Besides

e.g. Leo is having a car besides a bike.
11. Along
    “வழியா” தங்க பயபதபகிற.
    e.g. Ebi was walking along the road.

12. In front of
    “னா” தங்க பயபதபகிற.
    e.g. There is a tree in front of my house.

13. Across
    “ேக” தங்க பயபதபகிற.
    e.g. He swam across the river.

14. By
    “ஆ”/“ள” தங்க பயபதபகிற.
    e.g. The letter was posted by me.
        He comes to school by bicycle.

15. From
    “லி” தங்க பயபதபகிற.
    e.g. He is coming from Alangudi.

16. To
    “ஆ” தங்க பயபதபகிற.
    e.g. He comes to school every day at 9 a.m.

17. Near
    “அகி” தங்க பயபதபகிற.
    e.g. There is a temple near my house.

18. About
    “பறி” தங்க பயபதபகிற.
    e.g. I spoke about the uses of trees.

19. Into
    “ஓ” தங்க பயபதபகிற.
    e.g. He jumped into the river.

20. Since
    “ஒறுப்பிள்ள முற்றிலிலியும்” தங்க பயபதபகிற.
    e.g. He has been working here since 2001.
        I have been playing since 4 p.m.

Public Questions
1. They selected me for the job only ______ merit  
   Ans: on (Mar. 2012)

2. We are going ______ a holiday next week.  
   Ans: on (Oct. 2012)
Model Questions

1. The people stood ______ the road to watch the procession go by. Ans: along
2. He built his hut ______ the side of the lake. Ans: by
3. I agree ______ your proposal. Ans: to
4. He congratulated me ______ my success. Ans: on
5. Contrary ______ my instructions, he submitted his book without the assignment and was punished for his negligence. Ans: to
6. I am worried ______ health. Ans: about

Q.No. 40-44. Poetry Appreciation

APPRECIATION QUESTIONS

POEM – 1 BEAUTIFUL INSIDE
1. What can be deceptive ? Ans: Appearances
2. What is a Crack ? Ans: A narrow opening
3. What is a ‘geode’? Ans: Rock
5. What are the gems ? Ans: Noble People

POEM – 2 THE PIANO
1. Whom does ‘I’ refer to ? Ans: The Poet
2. What is the woman doing ? Ans: Singing
3. What is the time then ? Ans: Dusk
4. Who is the child ? Ans: The Poet
5. What is meant by ‘Vista’? Ans: View

POEM – 3 MANLINESS
2. Who are the two impostors ? Ans: Triumph and disaster
3. What is meant by ‘Impostors’ ? Ans: Deceivers
4. What does ‘triumph and disaster’ mean? Ans: Success and failure
5. What is meant by ‘Unforgiving minute’ ? Ans: The time that we waste

POEM – 4 GOING FOR WATER
1. Where was the well ? Ans: Near the house
2. How was the well ? Ans: Dry.
3. What does ‘pail’ mean? Ans: Bucket
5. Why did the children go to the brook? Ans: To bring water
6. What is meant by ‘Barren boughs’? Ans: Boughs without leaves
7. Who are ‘gnomes’? Ans: The children
8. Why did each lay a ‘staying hand’ on the others? Ans: To get rid of the fear.
9. What is meant by ‘A silver blade’? Ans: The stream seems like a silver blade in the moon light

POEM – 5 THE CRY OF THE CHILDREN
1. Who are weary? Ans: The Children
2. Why are they weary? Ans: Because of hard work
3. What does ‘weary’? mean? Ans: Tired
4. Why do the children go to the meadows? Ans: To sleep
5. What does the poet want the children to do? Ans: Wants to run or leap
6. What do the children do all the day? Ans: They work all the day
7. Why do they have drooping eyelids? Ans: Because of hard work
8. Where do they work? Ans: In factories
9. What is meant by ‘round and round’? Ans: Rotate the wheels

POEM – 6 MIGRANT BIRD
1. What does ‘globe’ mean? Ans: Earth
2. Who is the speaker of the poem? Ans: Migrant bird
3. What does ‘I’ refers to? Ans: Migrant bird
4. What is meant by ‘Distant spills’? Ans: Water stretches far away
5. What is meant by ‘Speed of wings’? Ans: Flying fast
6. Whom are walls and vigil gates meant for? Ans: Man
7. Bring out the meaning of phrase ‘breed my brood’ Ans: Reproduce young one
8. Bring out the meaning of phrase ‘Brothers of her brothers sons’ Ans: People in the neighbouring states

POEM – 7 SHIPLI
2. What is meant by ‘Fickle’? Ans: Changing
3. How can harmonic become cacophony? Ans: Harmonic becomes cacophony to the people not knowing the value of art
4. What does ‘Sinews’ mean? Ans: Muscles
5. What are ‘Heirlooms of rich traditions’? Ans: Inherited skills
6. What is a decade? Ans: 10 Years
7. Why are the eyes blood shot? Ans: because of hard work.